



# Transmitter/Receiver photo IC for optical link

L10063-01, S10064-01B

# For MOST automotive network, 50 Mbps band **POF** communications

The L10063-01 and S10064-01B are transmitter and receiver photo ICs developed for MOST (Media Oriented System Transport) networks used in vehicles to communicate multimedia information. The transmitter photo IC L10063-01 consists of a red LED and driver IC incorporated into a clear plastic package and can be set to an operating mode that reduces the optical output level by half. The receiver photo IC S10064-01B is a monolithic photo IC fabricated by the PiN-BiP process and features a wide dynamic range. It also has a low power consumption "sleeping mode" and an optical wakeup mode triggered by input of light. Both the transmitter and receiver photo IC input or output digital signals through a TTL interface.

#### Features

#### L10063-01

- Wide operating temperature range: -40 to +105 °C
- **DC** to 50 Mbps data communications
- **→ TTL input**
- Optical output 50 % cut mode

#### S10064-01B

- Wide operating temperature range: -40 to +105 °C
- 4 M to 50 Mbps data communications
- **Monolithic structure immune from external noise**
- **TTL output**
- **■** Wide dynamic range
- Sleeping mode with optical wakeup

### Applications

#### Only for vehicle networks (MOST)

MOST	compl	liant	products	
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Specifications of these products are subject to change without prior notice to keep up with changes in the MOST standard.

#### **♣** Absolute maximum ratings\*1 (Ta= -40 to +105 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	L10063-01, S10064-01B	Unit
Supply voltage	Vcc	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-40 to +105	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +120	°C
Soldering	Tsol	260 °C, 5 s, 3 times, at least 2.5 mm away from lead root	-

<sup>\*1:</sup> A bypass capacitor (0.1 µF) is connected between Vcc and GND at a position within 3 mm from the lead, and a 10 µF capacitor is also connected to the power supply line nearby.

Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

The center of the optical fiber is aligned with the center of the package lens.

The distance between the fiber end and the lens top is 0.1 mm.

#### S10064-01B

#### ■ Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=-40 to +105 °C, Vcc=4.75 to 5.25 V \*1)

	Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Current consumption (operation mode)		Icco	*2	-	-	30	mA
Current consumption (sleeping mode)		Iccs	Dark state	-	-	20	μΑ
Receive	er level	Popt3	Bi-phase signal	-25	-	-2	dBm
Vout	High level output voltage	Voh	Ioh= -150 μm	2.5	-	Vcc+0.3	V
	Low level output voltage	Vol	Iol=1.6 mA	0	-	0.4	V
	Rise time	tr	*2 *3 10 to 90%	-	-	9	ns
	Fall time	tf		-	-	7	
Pulse width variation		tpwv	*2 *3 *4 *6	17.9	-	29.79	ns
Pulse v	vidth distortion (average value)	tapwd	*2 *3 *4 *6	-2.69	-	+6.49	ns
Operation to sleeping mode transition receivable level		Psl	*2 *5	-39	-	-25.5	dBm
Sleeping mode to operation transition receivable level		Pop					
Mode High level voltage		Vmh	Imh=-20 μA	4.0	-	-	V
output Low level voltage		Vml	Iml=0.88 mA	-	-	0.5	V

<sup>\*1:</sup> A bypass capacitor (0.1  $\mu$ F) is connected between Vcc and GND at a position within 3 mm from the lead, and a 10  $\mu$ F capacitor is also connected to the power supply line nearby.

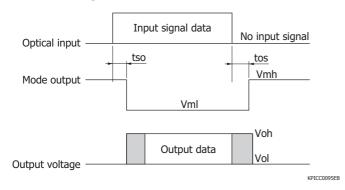
The center of the optical fiber is aligned with the center of the package lens.

The distance between the fiber end and the lens top is 0.1 mm.

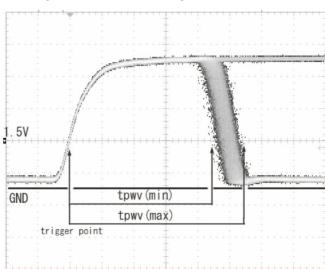
- \*2: Measured with input signals conforming to SP3 MOST specification of physical layer Rev 1.1 Addendum B
- \*3: Measured with RL=50  $k\Omega$ , CL=15 pF (including parasitic capacitance such as probe, connector and evaluation circuit board pattern), and threshold voltage 1.5 V
- \*4: An optical input waveform is generated with a Hamamatsu standard transmitter.
- \*5: Average optical output is measured with a POF (NA=0.5).
- \*6: Measured with BiPhase PRBS at 45.2 Mbps (NRZ signal conversion)

Note: If modulated light at 4 Mbps or less (including DC light and no light input) is input to S10064-01B, the high and low levels cannot be discerned.

#### Mode output waveform



#### Output waveform example



Vertical axis: 1 V/div., Horizontal axis: 5 ns/div. (Ta=25 °C, Vcc=5.25 V, Pi=-26 dBm, RL=50 k $\Omega$ , CL=15 pF, 45.2 Mbps)

#### L10063-01

## **■** Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=-40 to +105 °C, Vcc= 4.75 to 5.25 V\*7)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Current consumption	Icc	Vin= 2.0 V, Rcont=13.5 kΩ	-	-	40	mA
Peak emission wavelength	λр		630	650	670	nm
Spectral half width (FWHM)	Δλ		-	20	30	nm
Fiber coupled optical output 1	Po1	*8 *9 Rcont=13.5 kΩ	-9	-	-2	dBm
Fiber coupled optical output 2	Po2	*8 *9 Rcont=27 kΩ	-12.5	-	-4.5	dBm
Extinction ratio	re		10	-	-	dB
Rise time at pulse drive	tr	*8 20 to 80%	-	-	6.0	ns
Fall time at pulse drive	tf	*8 80 to 20%	-	-	6.0	ns
Pulse width variation	tpwv	*8 *10 50%	19.99	-	24.29	ns
Pulse width distortion (average value)	tapwd	*8 *10 50%	-1.39	-	+1.39	ns

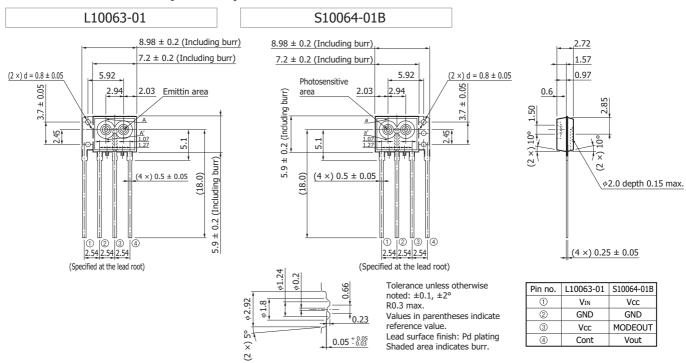
<sup>\*7:</sup> A bypass capacitor (0.1  $\mu$ F) connected between Vcc and GND at a position within 3 mm from the lead, and a 10  $\mu$ F capacitor is also connected to the power supply line nearby.

The center of the optical fiber is aligned with the center of the package lens.

The distance between the fiber end and the lens top is 0.1 mm.

- \*8: Measured with input signals conforming to SP1 MOST specification of physical layer Rev 1.1 Addendum B.
- \*9: Average value measured with a plastic fiber (φ1 mm, SI-POF, NA=0.5, 1 m) made by Mitsubishi Rayon.
- \*10: Measured with BiPhase PRBS at 45.2 Mbps (NRZ signal conversion).

### Dimensional outlines (unit: mm)



A-A' Cross section

KPICA0067E

#### Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc\_en.html

- Precautions
- Disclaimer
- · Metal, ceramic, plastic products

Information described in this material is current as of October 2017.

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