

# CCD linear image sensor



S11490

## High sensitivity in near infrared region, high-speed line rate

The S11490 is a back-thinned CCD linear image sensor designed via our advanced technology to deliver high sensitivity in the near infrared region. It also offers high-speed line rates of up to 30 kHz by multiport readout (10 MHz max. per port).

### Features

- **High sensitivity in near infrared region:**  
QE=70% ( $\lambda=900$  nm), QE=40% ( $\lambda=1000$  nm)
- **High-speed line rate: 30 kHz max.**
- **Low etaloning**

### Applications

- **OCT (optical coherence tomography)**
- **Spectrophotometry**

### Structure

Parameter	Specification
Image size (H × V)	24.576 × 0.500 mm
Pixel size (H × V)	24 × 500 $\mu$ m
Number of total pixels (H × V)	1056 × 1
Number of effective pixels (H × V)	1024 × 1
Horizontal clock phase	2 phases
Output circuit	Two-stage MOSFET source follower
Package	54-pin ceramic DIP (refer to dimensional outline)
Window	Borosilicate glass*1
Cooling	Non-cooled

\*1: Resin sealing

**▣ Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25 °C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Operating temperature*2 *3	Topr	-50	-	+50	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-50	-	+70	°C	
Output transistor drain voltage	VOD	-0.5	-	+25	V	
Reset drain voltage	VRD	-0.5	-	+18	V	
Output amplifier return voltage	Vret	-0.5	-	+18	V	
All reset drain voltage	VARD	-0.5	-	+18	V	
Horizontal input source voltage	VISH	-0.5	-	+18	V	
All reset gate voltage	VARG	-10	-	+15	V	
Storage gate voltage	VSTG	-10	-	+15	V	
Horizontal input gate voltage	VIG1H, VIG2H	-10	-	+15	V	
Summing gate voltage	VSG	-10	-	+15	V	
Output gate voltage	VOG	-10	-	+15	V	
Reset gate voltage	VRG	-10	-	+15	V	
Transfer gate voltage	VTG	-10	-	+15	V	
Resistive gate voltage	High	VREGH	-10	-	+15	V
	Low	VREGL				
Horizontal shift register clock voltage	VP1H, VP2H	-10	-	+15	V	

\*2: Package temperature

\*3: The sensor temperature may increase due to heating in high-speed operation. We recommend taking measures to dissipate heat as needed. For more details, refer to the technical information "Resistive gate type CCD linear image sensors with electronic shutter".

Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

**▣ Operating conditions (Ta=25 °C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Output transistor drain voltage	VOD	12	15	18	V	
Reset drain voltage	VRD	14	15	16	V	
Output amplifier return voltage*4	Vret	-	1	2	V	
All reset drain voltage	VARD	11	12	13	V	
Test point	Horizontal input source	VISH	-	VRD	V	
	Horizontal input gate	VIG1H, VIG2H	-9	-8		
All reset gate voltage	Low	VARGL	-6.5	-6	-5.5	V
Storage gate voltage*5		VSTG1	-1	0	0	V
		VSTG2	-1	0	1	V
Summing gate voltage	High	VSGH	5	6	7	V
	Low	VSGL	-6	-5	-4	
Output gate voltage	VOG	4.5	5	5.5	V	
Reset gate voltage	High	VRGH	7	8	9	V
	Low	VRGL	-6	-5	-4	
Transfer gate voltage	High	VTGH	8	9	10	V
	Low	VTGL	-8	-7	-6	
Resistive gate high voltage	VREGH	-4	-3	-2	V	
Resistive gate low voltage	VREGL	-	VREGH - 2.5	-	V	
Horizontal shift register clock voltage	High	VP1HH, VP2HH	5	6	7	V
	Low	VP1HL, VP2HL	-6	-5	-4	
Substrate voltage	VSS	-	0	-	V	
External load resistance	RL	2.0	2.2	2.4	kΩ	

\*4: Output amplifier return voltage is a positive voltage with respect to Substrate voltage, but the current flows in the direction of flow out of the sensor.

\*5: Set VSTG1 lower than VSTG2.

**Electrical characteristics (Ta=25 °C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Signal output frequency	fc	-	5	10	MHz
Line rate	LR	-	10	30	kHz
Horizontal shift register capacitance	CP1H, CP2H	-	200	-	pF
All reset gate capacitance	CARG	-	300	-	pF
Resistive gate capacitance	CREG	-	1000	-	pF
Summing gate capacitance	CSG	-	30	-	pF
Reset gate capacitance	CRG	-	30	-	pF
Transfer gate capacitance	CTG	-	300	-	pF
Charge transfer efficiency*6	CTE	0.99995	0.99999	-	-
DC output level	Vout	9	10	11	V
Output impedance	Zo	-	300	-	Ω
Output amplifier return current	Iret	-	0.4	-	mA
Power consumption	PAMP*7	-	75	-	mW
	PREG*8	0.6	3.1	6.3	
Resistive gate resistance*9	RREG	0.5	1.5	5	kΩ

\*6: Charge transfer efficiency per pixel of CCD shift register, measured at half of the full well capacity

\*7: Power consumption of the on-chip amplifier plus load resistance

\*8: Power consumption at REG

\*9: Resistance value between REGH and REGL

**Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=25 °C, unless otherwise noted, operating condition: Typ.)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Saturation output voltage	Vsat	-	Fw × Sv	-	V
Full well capacity	Fw	400	500	-	ke <sup>-</sup>
CCD node sensitivity	Sv	4	5	6	μV/e <sup>-</sup>
Dark current (Non-MPP mode)*10	DS	-	120	600	ke <sup>-</sup> /pixel/s
		-	80	400	pA/cm <sup>2</sup>
Readout noise*11	Nr	-	100	150	e <sup>-</sup> rms
Dynamic range*12	DR	2600	5000	-	-
Spectral response range	λ	-	320 to 1100	-	nm
Photoresponse nonuniformity*13 *14	PRNU	-	±3	±10	%
Image lag*13 *15	L	-	10	20	%

\*10: Dark current is reduced to half for every 5 to 7 °C decrease in temperature.

\*11: Signal output frequency=30 MHz

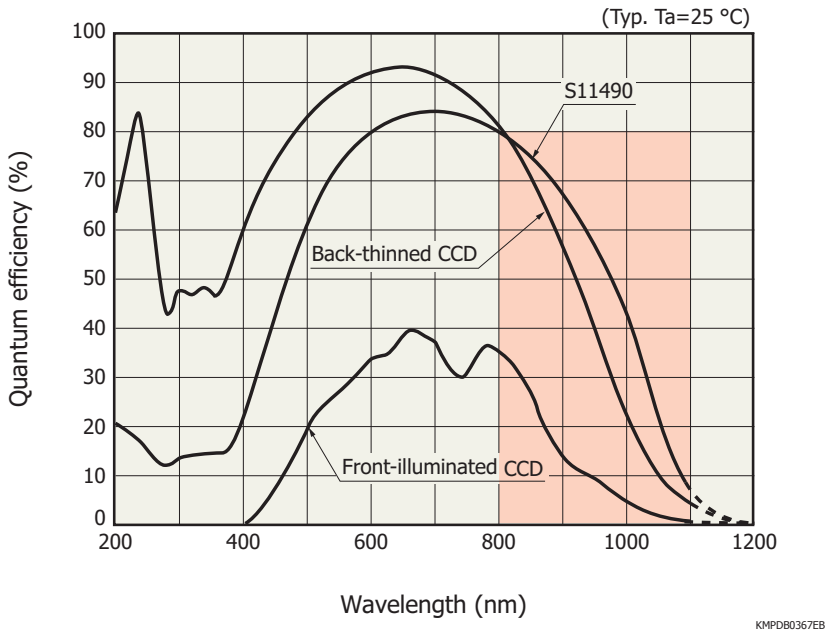
\*12: Dynamic range=Full well capacity/Readout noise

\*13: Measured at one-half of the saturation output (full well capacity), using LED light (peak emission wavelength: 660 nm)

\*14: Photoresponse nonuniformity =  $\frac{\text{Fixed pattern noise (peak to peak)}}{\text{Signal}} \times 100$  [%]

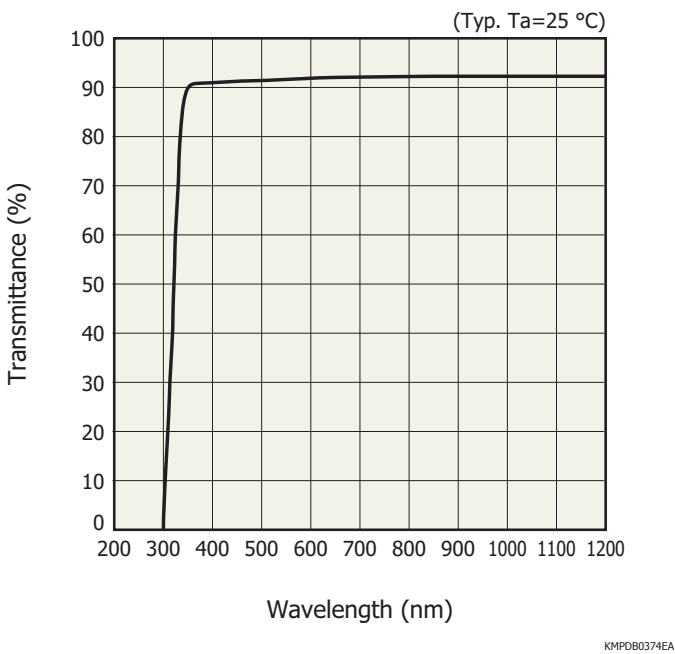
\*15: The ratio of remaining signal after the image sensor is illuminated with one shot of pulsed light that produces one-half of the saturation output. For more details refer to our technical information on "Resistive gate type CCD linear image sensors with electronic shutter."

**Spectral response (without window)\*16**

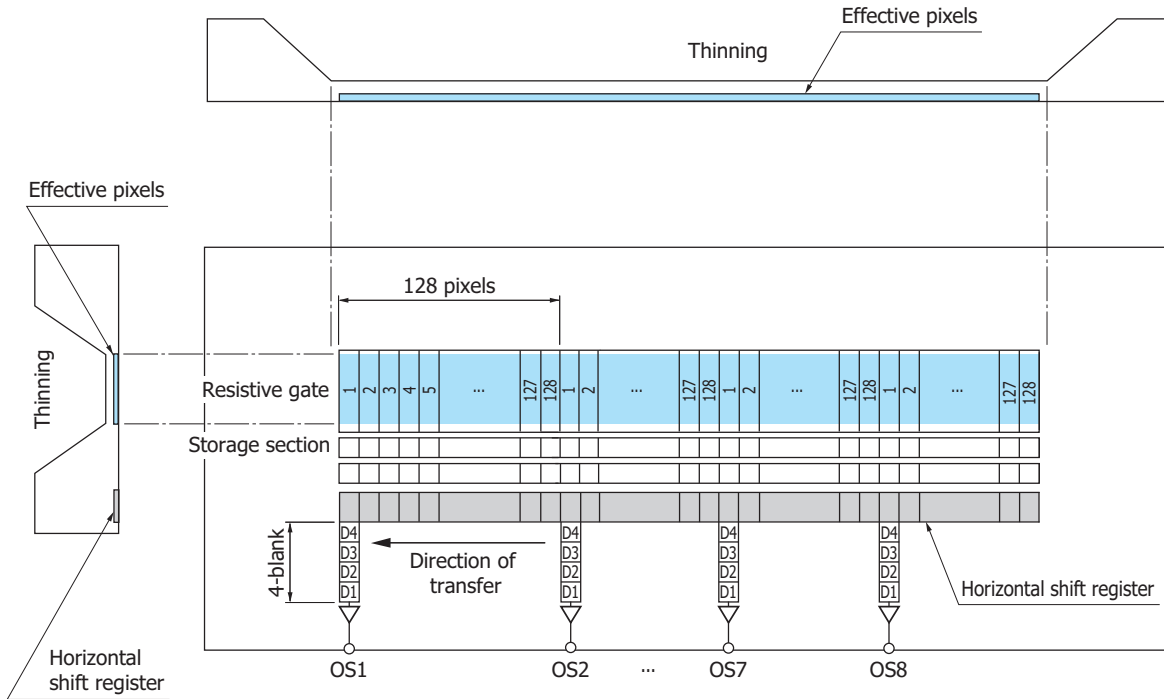


\*16: Spectral response with borosilicate glass is decreased according to the spectral transmittance characteristics of window material.

**Spectral transmittance characteristics of window material**



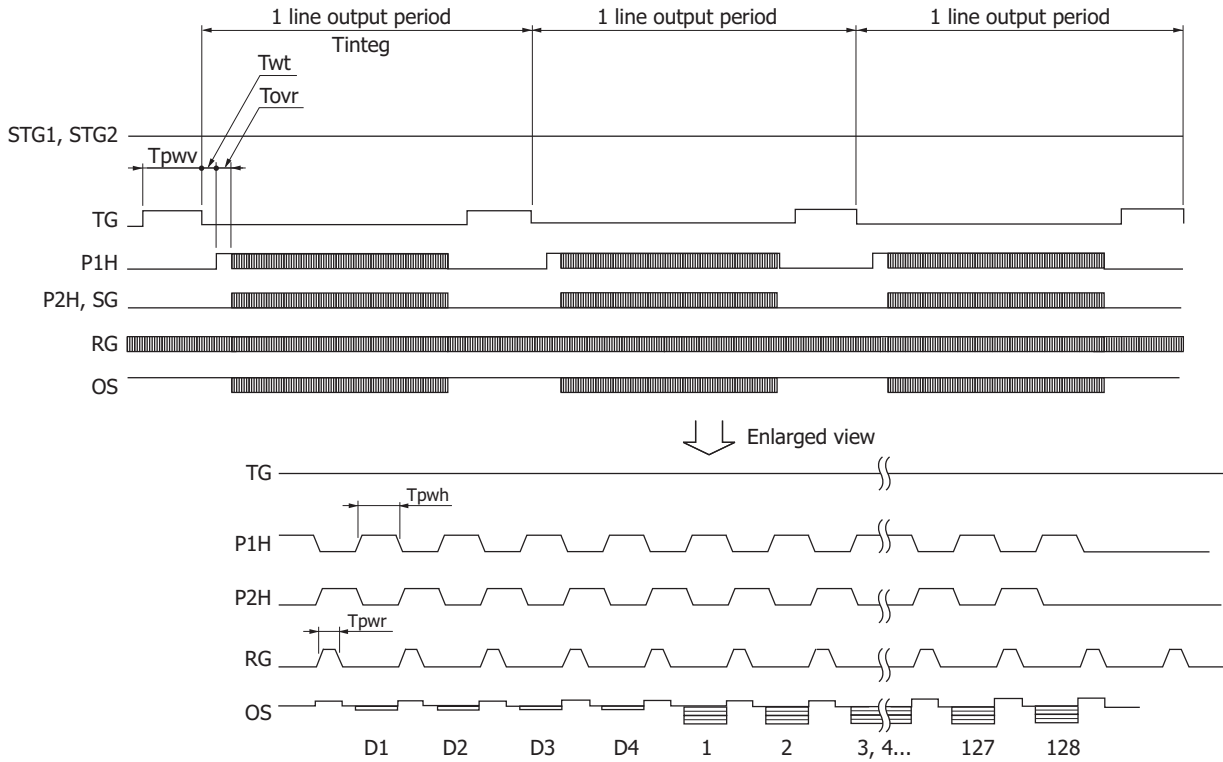
Device structure (conceptual drawing of top view in dimensional outline)



Note: When viewed from the direction of the incident light, the horizontal shift register is covered with a thick silicon layer (dead layer). However, long-wavelength light passes through the silicon dead layer and may possibly be detected by the horizontal shift register. To prevent this, provide light shield on that area as needed.

KMPDC0426EA

**Timing chart**

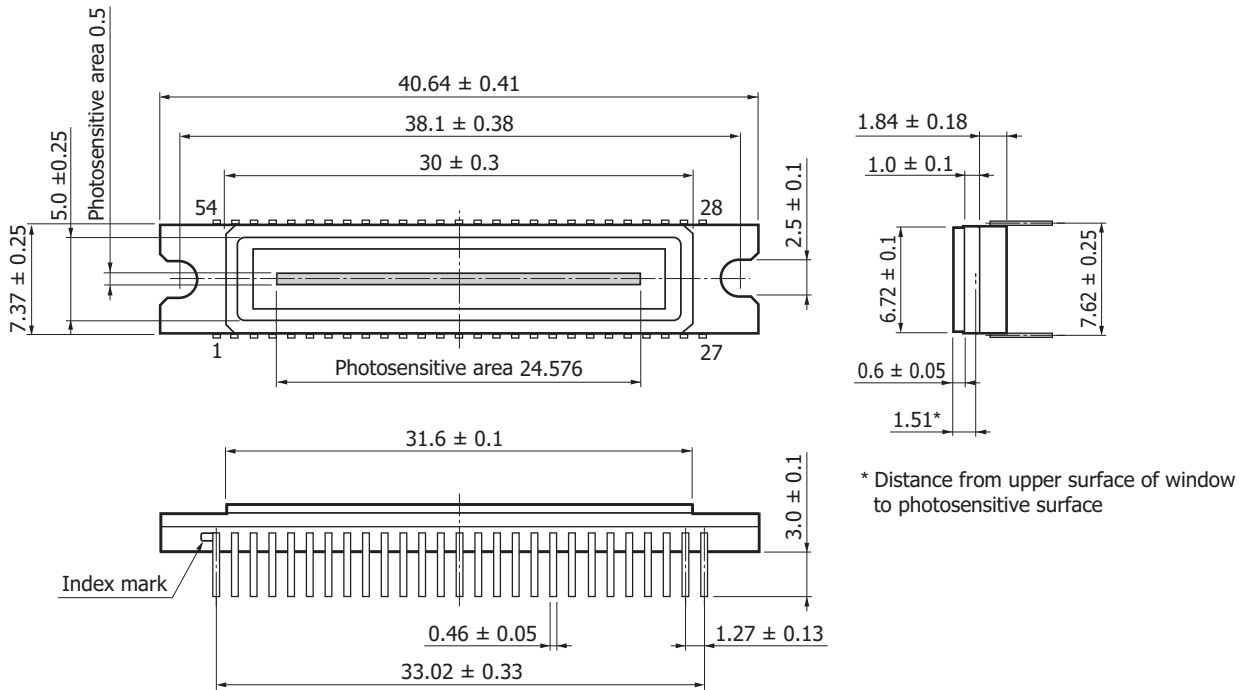


KMPDC0427EA

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
TG	Pulse width	$T_{pwv}$	0.6	1.2	-	$\mu$ s
	Rise and fall times	$T_{prv}$ , $T_{pfv}$	20	-	-	ns
P1H, P2H*17	Pulse width	$T_{pwh}$	50	100	-	ns
	Rise and fall times	$T_{prh}$ , $T_{pfh}$	10	-	-	ns
	Duty ratio	-	40	50	60	%
SG	Pulse width	$T_{pws}$	50	100	-	ns
	Rise and fall times	$T_{prs}$ , $T_{pfs}$	10	-	-	ns
	Duty ratio	-	40	50	60	%
RG	Pulse width	$T_{pwr}$	5	15	-	ns
	Rise and fall times	$T_{pr}$ , $T_{pfr}$	5	-	-	ns
TG - P1H	Overlap time	$T_{ovr}$	200	400	-	ns
	Standby time	$T_{wt}$	-	15	-	ns
Integration time		$T_{integ}$	33	66	-	$\mu$ s

\*17: Symmetrical clock pulses should be overlapped at 50% of maximum pulse amplitude.

Dimensional outline (unit: mm)



KMPDA0297EA

## Pin connections

Pin no.	Symbol	Function	Remark (standard operation)
1	Vret	Output amplifier return	+1 V
2	OG	Output gate	+5 V
3	RD	Reset drain	+15 V
4	Vret	Output amplifier return	+1 V
5	OS1	Output transistor source 1	RL=2.2 kΩ
6	OD1	Output transistor drain 1	+15 V
7	OS2	Output transistor source 2	RL=2.2 kΩ
8	OD2	Output transistor drain 2	+15 V
9	Vret	Output amplifier return	+1 V
10	OS3	Output transistor source 3	RL=2.2 kΩ
11	OD3	Output transistor drain 3	+15 V
12	OS4	Output transistor source 4	RL=2.2 kΩ
13	OD4	Output transistor drain 4	+15 V
14	Vret	Output amplifier return	+1 V
15	OS5	Output transistor source 5	RL=2.2 kΩ
16	OD5	Output transistor drain 5	+15 V
17	OS6	Output transistor source 6	RL=2.2 kΩ
18	OD6	Output transistor drain 6	+15 V
19	Vret	Output amplifier return	+1 V
20	OS7	Output transistor source 7	RL=2.2 kΩ
21	OD7	Output transistor drain 7	+15 V
22	OS8	Output transistor source 8	RL=2.2 kΩ
23	OD8	Output transistor drain 8	+15 V
24	Vret	Output amplifier return	+1 V
25	IGH	Test point (horizontal input gate)	-8 V
26	ISH	Test point (horizontal input source)	Connect to RD
27	Vret	Output amplifier return	+1 V
28	SS	Substrate	GND
29	TG	Transfer gate	
30	STG2	Storage gate 2	0 V
31	REGH	Resistive gate (High)	-3 V
32	STG1	Storage gate 1	0 V
33	SS	Substrate	GND
34	ARD	All reset drain	+12 V
35	ARG	All reset gate	
36	REGL	Resistive gate (Low)	-5.5 V
37	SS	Substrate	GND
38	SG	Summing gate	
39	SS	Substrate	GND
40	P1H	CCD horizontal shift register clock-1	
41	SS	Substrate	GND
42	P2H	CCD horizontal shift register clock-2	
43	SS	Substrate	GND
44	RG	Reset gate	
45	SS	Substrate	GND
46	REGL	Resistive gate (Low)	-5.5 V
47	ARG	All reset gate	
48	ARD	All reset drain	+12 V
49	SS	Substrate	GND
50	STG1	Storage gate 1	0 V
51	REGH	Resistive gate (High)	-3 V
52	STG2	Storage gate 2	0 V
53	TG	Transfer gate	
54	SS	Substrate	GND



## Related information

[www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc\\_en.html](http://www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc_en.html)

### ■ Precautions

- Disclaimer
- Image sensors

### ■ Technical information

- Resistive gate type CCD linear image sensors with electronic shutter

Information described in this material is current as of May, 2016.

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