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DEUTERIUM LAMPS (D2 LAMPS)

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HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS K.K.

LAN FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE DEVICES

Hamamatsu deuterium lamps (D2 lamps) deliver a long lifetime, excellent stability, and high output to the highest levels to allow users to obtain the maximum performance characteristics from their equipment.



Hamamatsu deuterium lamps key features and the reasons

Long lifetime

1 UV-transmitting glass



High stability



2 Ceramic electrode

OProblems with prior lamps using (Metal electrode) Low stability due to being susceptible to ambient conditions

Large variation in light output because electrode spacing is not uniform

 \bigcirc We solved these problems by using ceramic electrodes with excellent temperature characteristics!!

Excellent temperature characteristics ensure high stability

Uniform electrode spacing minimizes variations in characteristics

3 Cathode (Super quiet type)

OProblems with conventional directly-heated type

Concentrated radiated heat damage applies a large load to the cathode

Vibration and operating time directly affect cathode deterioration

OWe solved these problems of the directly-heated type by using a super quiet cathode!!

ectron emission capability with minimal fluctuations

Lighting performance 4 Capacitor OProblems with D₂ lamp without auxiliary ignition

Fails to light up due to electrode deterioration during long-term operation

Fails to light up due to decrease of internal

Fails to light up when the lamp is hot and in case of re-igniting right after turning off OWe solved these problems with the conventional lighting method by using auxiliary lighting method!!

Secured lighting even if the lamp is hot or at the end of lifetime

Deuterium lamps are light source lamps that utilize an arc discharge in deuterium (D₂) gas. They emit an intense spectrum in the UV region and have feature of unrivaled stability compared to other UV light sources.

PRODUCT LINE-UP / APPLICATION LIST										
33 W X2D2 R LAMPS High brightness deuterium lamps High-end light sources that offer the world's highest luminance among the 30 W class * (twice that of L2D2 lamps) P *	<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>		5 W to 7 W S2D2® LAMPS Compact deuterium lamps to create up till now with conventional deuterium lamps B11	110 W H2DD2 B B B B B B B B						
Winc	low material	UV glass	Synthetic silica	MgF2						
HPLC (High Performance Liquid Chro	matography)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	X						
UV-VIS Spectrophotometer		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc						
CE (Capillary Electrophoresis)		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	X						
Atomic Absorption Spectropho	tometer	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	X						
Thin Layer Chromatography		\bigcirc		×						
Water Quality, Air Pollution and Other Environm	nental Analyzer	\bigcirc		×						
Film Thickness Gauge		\bigcirc		0						
Semiconductor Testing Equipment		0	Ô	\bigcirc						
UV Resistance Evaluation of Materials		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc						
Photoionization Light Source		×	×	\bigcirc						
Static Electricity Removal by Vacua	um UV Light	×	×	\bigcirc						

O: Optimum O: Usable according to application X: Not generally suitable

Peripheral devices that support high performance

Total support for extracting maximum lamp performance

After-sales To enable lamps to exhibit their service maximum performance, it is based on long years important to design an of experience optimum housing and power supply. We do not only sell deuterium lamps but Custom products also provide power supplies tailored to meet/ and housings specifically 0 designed for deuterium user needs lamps. Besides selling our own products, we provide technical Advice support to help users design their own lamp housings and power for improving supplies. We are also glad to offer advice on optimal electrical ratings and lamp shapes that meet user Design Power supplies specifications. support and housings Please consult with us for specifications that are not listed in our product catalog.

X2D2[®] LAMPS

The X2D2[®] lamps (high brightness & long lifetime deuterium lamps) deliver unparalleled brightness twice that of L2D2 lamps (see page 5) while still maintaining the high stability and long lifetime offered by the conventional deuterium lamps. These characteristics will enhance sensitivity and throughput in various photometric instruments.



Features

- Long life: 2000 h
- •High stability: 0.005 %(p-p) typ.
- •High brightness: 2 times higher than L2D2 lamps



Characteristics



Directivity (Light distribution)





Dimensional outline (Unit: mm)



Specifications

Type No.			L10804	L9519	L10904	L9841	Unit	
		Standard	See-through	Standard	See-through	Standard	_	
		UVç	glass	Synthe	tic silica	MgF2	—	
		185 t	io 400	160	to 400	115 to 400 ®	nm	
				0.5			mm	
Drift (Max.)				±0.3			%/h	
Fluctuation	(р-р) Тур.			0.005			%	
nm 🖲				2000			h	
tage (Max.) 🖲	3)	400						
Anode current			300 ± 30					
		90 85				V dc		
Worm up	Voltage	2.5 ± 0.25						
wann-up	Current (Typ.)			4				
Operating	Voltage			1.7 ± 0.2			V dc	
Operating	Current (Typ.)	3.3					A dc	
Filament warm-up time (Min.)			20					
Power supply ©			C9559, M9521					
Lamp house			E9522-50, E9558-50					
D		245 to 290					°C	
	Fluctuation	tage (Max.) [®] Warm-up Operating (Min.)	UV(185 t Drift (Max.) Fluctuation (p-p) Typ. nm® tage (Max.)® Voltage Current (Typ.) Operating Voltage Current (Typ.) e (Min.)	Standard See-through UVglass 185 to 400 Drift (Max.) Fluctuation (p-p) Typ. nm ® tage (Max.) ® Voltage Current (Typ.) Operating Voltage Current (Typ.) e (Min.)	Standard See-through Standard UVglass Synthe 185 to 400 160 to Drift (Max.) ±0.3 Fluctuation (p-p) Typ. 0.005 nm @ 2000 tage (Max.) #0 Warm-up Voltage Voltage 1.7 ± 0.2 Current (Typ.) 3.3 e (Min.)	StandardSee-throughStandardSee-throughUVglassSynthetic silica185 to 400160 to 4000.5 ± 0.3 Fluctuation (p-p) Typ.0.0050.005onm @2000tage (Max.) ®Voltage2.5 ± 0.25 Current (Typ.)40085Voltage1.7 ± 0.2 Current (Typ.)4OperatingCurrent (Typ.)20C9559, M9521E9522-50, E9558-50	StandardSee-throughStandardSee-throughStandardUVglassSynthetic silicaMgF2185 to 400160 to 400115 to 400 $^{(i)}$ Drift (Max.) ± 0.3 Fluctuation (p-p) Typ.O.005Onm $^{(i)}$ 2000tage (Max.) $^{(i)}$ VoltageOperatingVoltageOperatingVoltageOperatingCurrent (Typ.)20AOperatingCurrent (Typ.)20Current (Typ.)Current (Typ.)20Cu	

(A) Lamp life end is defined as the point when light output at 230 nm falls to 50 % of its initial value or when output fluctuations exceed 0.05 % (p-p).
 (B) A trigger voltage must be applied to the anode and auxiliary electrode.
 (C) The power supply for the L2D2 cannot be used to operate X2D2 lamps.
 (D) Recommended temperature for operating a lamp in the lamp housing. Consult us on how to measure the temperature.

©Does not support vacuum evacuation and so should be used in nitrogen atmosphere.

* Custom lamps not listed above will be available on request. Please feel free to contact us.

L2D2[®] LAMPS

The L2D2[®] lamps are UV light sources with a long service lifetime and high stability. These L2D2 lamps have characteristics essential for light sources used in chemical analysis instruments and provide high measurement accuracy.



Example of custom-designed lamp

Features

- •Long life: 4000 h (L6565)
- ●High stability: 0.005 %(p-p) typ.
- Small intensity variations
- Low cost
- Error-free lighting



Catl	athode ratings										
	Preheating	Operating									
1	2.5 V	1.0 V									
2	2.5 V	1.7 V									
3	3.0 V	0 V – 1 V									
4	10 V	2.5 V – 6 V									
5	10 V	7 V									
6	12 V – 15 V	0 V									

Please consult us about custom

designed lamp.

Specifications

		A Dimen-				Output stabi	lity at 230 nm	® Guaranteed	Required discharge								
Type No.	Туре	sional outline	Window material	Spectral distribution (nm)	Aperture diameter (mm)	Drift Max. (%/ h)	Fluctuation (p-p) Typ. (%)	life at 230 nm (h)	starting voltage © Max. (V dc)	Anode current (mA dc)	Tube voltage Typ. (V dc)						
L6565		1			1.0			4000	350								
L6301																	
L6301-50		8															
L6303		1	UV glass	185 to 400													
L12313		3	UV glass	103 10 400													
L12313-50		\overline{O}		0.5	±0.3	0.005	2000	400									
L6307	Standard	2									0.0	10.0	0.000	2000	400		
L6309		Ľ								300 ± 30	80						
L7296		(4)	Synthetic	160 to 400							00						
L7296-50		6	silica	100 10 400													
L12307		2	UV glass	185 to 400													
L7293		(5)	MgF2	115 to 400	1.0			2000 [©]	350								
L7293-50		9	wy z	113 10 400	1.0			2000	330								
L6999		1	UV glass	185 to 400													
L6999-50	See-through	8	UV ylass	103 10 400	0.5	±0.3	0.005	2000	400								
L9030	oee-mough	(4)	Synthetic	160 to 400	0.5	±0.3	0.000	2000	400								
L9030-50		6	silica	100 10 400													

ASee pages 7 and 8.

BLamp life end is defined as the point when light output at 230 nm falls to 50 % of its initial value or when output fluctuations exceed 0.05 % (p-p).

 \bigcirc A pulse voltage higher than this value must be supplied to start reliable lamp discharge.

DOperating life may vary depending on operating environmental conditions (vacuum atmosphere).

Characteristics

Spectral distribution

Deuterium lamps emit high intensity light in the UV range at wavelengths shorter than 400 nm. Light intensity on the short wavelength side is determined by the window material used.



Arc distribution

Arc distribution of deuterium lamps is determined by the aperture (light exit) size. At the same input current and voltage, lamps with a 0.5 mm aperture provide 1.4 times higher intensity than lamps with a 1.0 mm diameter aperture.





APERTURE: Ø0.5 mm

APERTURE: ø1.0 mm



Directivity (Light distribution)



	Filament ratings				Applicable p	ower supply ^(H)		
	m-up	Operating		Filament warm-up time			Bulb wall	Tana Ma
Voltage ^(E) (V dc, ac)	Current Typ. (A dc, ac)	Voltage (V dc)	Current Typ. (A dc)	Min. (s)	AC input type	DC input time	(Recommended)	Type No.
								L6565
2.5 ± 0.25	4	1.0 ± 0.1	1.8		C9598-2510	M9596-2510		L6301
2.0 ± 0.20	-			_			_	L6301-50
		1.7 ± 0.2	3.3	_	C9598-2517	M9596-2517	_	L6303
3	5	0 to 1	0 to 1.8		C9598-3000	M9596-3000	245 to 290	L12313
Ŭ			0 10 1.0	_	00000 0000	1110000 0000		L12313-50
	0.8	2.5 to 6.0 🖲	0.3 to 0.6	_	C9598-1035	M9596-1035		L6307
10 ± 1				20				L6309
10 1 1	1.2	7.0 ± 0.5	1	1 20	C9598-1070	M9596-1070		L7296
				_				L7296-50
12 to 15	0.5 to 0.55	0 ©	0 [©]	_	C9598-1555	M9596-1555		L12307
								L7293
								L7293-50
2.5 ± 0.25	4	1.0 ± 0.1	1.8		C9598-2510	M9596-2510		L6999
2.5 ± 0.25	4	4 1.0 ± 0.1	1.0		09390-2310	1019390-2310		L6999-50
								L9030
								L9030-50

(E)If the cable between the lamp and power supply is too long, a large filament voltage drop occurs in the cable that might make the lamp filament voltage too low. The filament power supply should be designed to supply the specified voltage at the lamp input terminal.

 \bigcirc Recommended operating voltage is 3.5 V ± 0.5 V.

©During lamp operation a discharge current flows into the filament so no external power supply is needed to maintain the filament temperature.

(A)To extract full performance from our deuterium lamps we recommend using our dedicated power supplies.

①Recommended temperature for operating a lamp in the lamp housing. Consult us on how to measure the temperature.

* Custom lamps not listed above will be available on request. Please feel free to contact us.

Dimensional outline (Unit: mm)







See-through type

The see-through type electrode structure enables straight-line arrangement of the halogen lamp, deuterium lamp, optical system and optical path. This simplifies optical design of UV-VIS spectrophotometer etc., and eliminates loss of light amount caused by the half mirror.





Applications using deuterium lamps require very high stability of light output, so using a Hamamatsu dedicated power supply and lamp house is recommended to operate these lamps. When users are designing their own power supply and lamp housing, we provide technical support and follow-up to ensure an optimal optical design so please consult us when needed.

E9522-50: for L9518 E9558-50: for L9519 E9522: for L6301-50 E9558: for L7296-50 * We welcome requests for custom products for see-through

types (L10804, L6999-50, L6999-50 and L9030-50).

Power supply for X2D2[®] lamps / Lamp housing



▲Power supply Left: C9559, Right: M9521

▲Lamp housing Left: E9522-50, Right: E9558-50

Power supply for L2D2[®] lamps / Lamp housing





▲Power supply Left: C9598, Right: M9596

▲Lamp housing Left: E9522, Right: E9558



Power supply for X2D2 lamp specifications

	Pa	rameter		C9559	M9521	Unit
Input	Input voltage			AC 100 V to AC 240 V (100 V/200 V Auto switching) Single phase 50 Hz / 60 Hz	DC 24 V ± 2.4 V	
	Input curr	ent (Max.)		1.4	3	А
	Output		n load (Typ.)	85,	/ 90	V dc
	voltage (I	DC) With	nout load (Min.)		00	V dc
	Output cu	irrent (DC)		300	± 30	mA dc
		uctuation (p-		0.0	005	%
	Current di	rift at 25 °C (Тур.)	±0	.02	%/h
Output	Warm-up	Voltage	2.5 =	V dc		
	Filament	wann-up	Current (Typ.)	4	A dc	
	ratings	Operation	Voltage	1.7 =	± 0.2	V dc
		Operation	Current (Typ.)	3	A dc	
	Filament v	warm-up time	Э	Appro	S	
	Trigger	Anode		60	V peak	
	voltage	Auxiliary el	ectrode	60	V peak	
Cooling m	ethod			—	Forced air cooling (0.3 m ³ /min)	—
Operation	ambient ter	mperature		0 to	+40	°C
Storage temperature		-10 to	°C			
Operating and storage humidity				Below 80 (No	%	
External cor	External control (Lamp ON/OFF, Lamp irradiation signal)			Yes	Yes	
Conforma	nce CE			Yes Yes		
standards	UL (F	ile No. E249	677)	—	Yes	

(1) The power supply for the L2D2 cannot be used to operate X2D2 lamps. *P.C.D. (Pitch Circle Diameter)



Power supply for L2D2 lamp specifications

	Parameter		C9598	M9596	Unit		
Input	Input voltage		AC 100 V to AC 240 V (100 V/200 V Auto switching) Single phase 50 Hz / 60 Hz	DC 24 V ± 2.4 V	_		
	Input current (Max.)		0.9	2	A		
	Output voltage (DC)	With load (Typ.)	8	0	V		
	Output voltage (DC)	Without load (Min.)	20	00	V		
	Output current (DC)		300	± 30	mA		
Output	Current Fluctuation (р-р) (Тур.)	0.0	005	%		
	Current drift at +25 °	С (Тур.)	±0.02				
	Warm-up time		Approx. 20				
	Trigger voltage		Appro	V peak			
Cooling me	ethod		— Forced air cooling (0.3 m ³ /min)		—		
Operation	ambient temperature		0 to	+40	°C		
Storage te	Storage temperature		-10 to	°C			
Operating and storage humidity		Below 80 (No condensation)		%			
External control (Lamp ON/OFF, Lamp irradiation signal)		Yes	Yes	—			
Conformar	nce EN (CE marking)		Yes	Yes	—		
standards	UL (File No. E249	9677)	—	Yes			

Filament ratings

	War	Warm-up		ation	
Type No.	Voltage (V dc)	Current (A dc)(Typ.)	Voltage (V dc)	Current (A dc)(Typ.)	Applicable lamp
C9598/M9596-2510	2.5 ± 0.2	4	1.0 ± 0.1	1.8	L6565, L7293, L6999, L6999-50, L7293-50
69398/109390-2310	2.J ± 0.2	4	1.0 ± 0.1	1.0	L6301, L6301-50, L9030, L9030-50
C9598/M9596-2517	2.5 ± 0.2	4	1.7 ± 0.2	3.3	L6303
C9598/M9596-3000	3 ± 0.2	5	0	0	L12313
C9598/M9596-1035	10 ± 0.5	0.8	3.5 ± 0.2	0.3	L6307
C9598/M9596-1070	10 ± 0.5	1.2	7 ± 0.4	1	L7296, L6309, L7296-50
C9598/M9596-1555	13.5 ± 0.7	0.5	5.25 ± 0.25	0.3	L12307

S2D2[®] LAMPS

The S2D2[®] lamps are compact deuterium compared to ordinary deuterium lamps. Despite their compact body, the S2D2 lamps have the same high stability as conventional deuterium lamps and a unique electrode structure that delivers high brightness.



▲Left: L13301 Right: L10671D

Features

- •Long life: 1500 h (L10671D)
- Compact
- •High stability: 0.005 %(p-p) typ.
- •High output UV continuous spectrum
- •Low power consumption

Easy to use



Spectral distribution 0.010 0.009 IRRADIANCE (µW·cm⁻²·nm⁻¹) at 50 cm 0.008 0.007 0.006 L106710 0.00 0.00 0.003 0.002 0.001 0.000 220 240 300 320 WAVELENGTH (nm) TLSOB0079JB 100 80 RELATIVE IRRADIANCE (%) MgF2 (L13301) 60 WAVELENGTH (nm)

Characteristics

Directivity (Light distribution) L10671D L13301 309 209 10° 0° -10 -10° -20 -30 30 20° 209 10 10° 0 0° -10 -10 -20 -20 -30 TI SOB0114EA TLS B0005EA

Specifications

Parameter			Descriptio	on / Value	Unit	
Type No.			L10671D	L13301		
Window material			UV glass	MgF ₂		
Spectral distribution			185 to 400	115 to 400	nm	
Aperture diameter			1.	0	mm	
Output stability	Drift (Max.)		±0.	.25	%/h	
at 230 nm	Fluctuation	(p-p) (Typ.)	0.0	05	%	
Guaranteed life at 230 nm ®			1500	1000 [®]	h	
Output current			30	mA		
Output voltage (Typ.)			Approx. 135			
	Marm	Voltage	4.	2	V	
Filomont ratingo	Warm-up	Current (Typ.)	0.5	55	A dc	
Filament ratings	Operating	Voltage	3.	5	V	
	Operating	Current (Typ.)	0.	5	A dc	
Filament warm-up time (Min.)			Appro	ox. 25	S	
Bulb wall temperature [®] (Max.)			185	240	°C	
Storage temperature			-10 to +60			
Storage humidity			Below 85 % (No condensation)			

(P-p). A Lamp life end is defined as the point when light output at 230 nm falls to 50 % of its initial value or when output fluctuations exceed 0.05 % (p-p). B Position "a" in dimensional outline ©Operating life may vary depending on operating environmental conditions (vacuum atmosphere).

11

Dimensional outline (Unit: mm)



CN9: CONNECTOR FOR 12 V

CN2: EXTERNAL CONTROL CONNECTOR

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8 MAX.

MAX.

 1000 ± 100

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6

OUTPUT CABLE

MAIN POWER LED

42.5

70

32.5

2.5 MAX

RELATED PRODUCTS

Power supply

•L10671P (for L10671)

Parameter	Description / Value	Unit
Input voltage (DC)	12 *	V
Power consumption Max	. 10	VA
	S2D2 lamp ON /OFF	
	CN4 output ON/OFF	_
	CN5 output ON/OFF @	
External control	Status signal	
	/ S2D2 lamp \	
	CN4	
	Main power	

* Input voltage range is from 8.5 V dc to 13.2 V dc.

•C10707 (for L13301)

Parameter		Description / Value	Unit
Input voltage (DC) *		10.8 to 13.2	V
Power consumption Max.		17	VA
External control		Lamp ON /OFF	
External control		Lamp status signal	

* This power supply come with AC/DC adapter.

Lamp housing

•L10671H (for L10671D)

Parameter	Description / Value	Unit
Weight	320	g
Optimum operating temperature [®]	+40 to +80	°C

(B)At position "b" in the L10671H dimensional outline. (When this lamp housing is installed in equipment, thermal design specs must be considered to ensure the operating temperature will be within this range.)



Socket with cable E13807 (for L13301)

DC JACK O .

0.....)0

3 × ø3 (MOUNTING HOLE)

30

TOP VIEW (Bottom Board Only)

BOARD = 1.2 mm

EXTERNAL CONTROL CONNECTOR

CN1: JACK FOR DC INPUT VOLTAGE

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> CN3: CONNECTOR FOR S2D2 LAMP

OUTPUT 1: GND 2: FILAMENT 3: N.C. 4: AUXILIARY ELECTRODE 5: ANODE

 \mathcal{P}

55

TOP VIEW

SIDE VIEW

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112.5

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CN4: CONNECTOR FOR 5 V OUTPUT

2: -CN5: CONNECTOR FOR 5 V OUTPUT

(Usage example: Tungsten Lamp)

(Usage example: Shutter Solenoid) 1: + 2: N.C.

TLS A0005EA



* Please consult us on the housing and vacuum flange for the L13301.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Fiber light source

APPLICATIONS

Spectrophotometry

Environmental measurement

Pharmaceutical testing

•Absorption spectrum measurement •High-performance liquid chromatography •Optical component inspection

Biological measurement

- Semiconductor inspection

Compact UV-VIS S2D2 fiber light source L12515

The L12515 is the world's smallest UV-visible fiber light source containing an S2D2® compact deuterium lamp. Despite its small size, the L12515 delivers high output and high stability. Its compact, easy-to-carry size and low voltage operation make it useful for various types of portable devices.



Microtiter plate reader

- Compact: 72 mm × 40 mm × 90 mm
- •High stability: Fluctuation 0.004 % p-p (Typ.) (equivalent 2 × 10⁻⁵ A.U.)
- External control
- Shutter function



▲L12515

Light output stability •at 230 nm





High power UV-VIS fiber light source L10290

The L10290 is a high power UV-visible fiber light source that outputs 200 nm to 1600 nm light through a light guide (sold separately). The L10290 utilizes a high brightness deuterium lamp (X2D2 lamp) to provide radiant intensity that is about twice that of our conventional products. These features make it easier to use a UV-visible light source with high power and high stability.

Characteristics

Spectral distribution (Typical data)



Features

- •High output: Twice intensity (Compared to conventional model)
- •High stability: Fluctuation 0.004 % p-p (Typ.) (equivalent to 2 × 10⁻⁵ A.U.)
- Long life lamp: 2000 hours
- External control
- Shutter function
- Filter holder (Sold separately)



▲L10290

VUV light source

■APPLICATIONS

 Electrostatic remover •Film thickness measurement Spectrophotometry

Semiconductor inspection Material resistance evalution Photoionization source

Dechucking of electrostatic chucks

LCD manufacturing equipment

H2D2 light source unit L11798/-01, L11799/-01

The H2D2 light source unit contains a high-brightness, high-end deuterium lamp (H2D2 lamp) that emits light at a brightness 6 times higher than our current deuterium lamps (L2D2 lamps). Despite its high brightness, the H2D2 is highly stable, has a long service life, and allows air-cooled operation by a specially designed housing. This feature makes it much more convenient and easy to use than ordinary water-cooled lamps.

The H2D2 can be used in various applications and enhances equipment sensitivity and throughput.



▲L11798, L11799 Left: Light source, Right: Power supply

Features

- High brightness: 6 times (Compared to L2D2 lamp)
- High stability: Fluctuation 0.05 % p-p (Max.) Drift ±0.3 %h (Max.)
- Long life: Warranty of 1000 hours
- Air cooling (needs no cooling water)
- External control

Characteristics





Electrostatic remover VUV ionizer L12542



Due to its wide irradiation angle about 3 times larger than our current VUV light source, the L12542 efficiently removes electrostatic charges over large areas in depressurized or vacuum environments.

Up until now two or more VUV light sources were needed to neutralize electrostatic charges in large areas due to their limited irradiation angle. The L12542 solves this problem and efficiently neutralizes large areas in a vacuum.



S2D2 VUV light source unit L10706 series

The S2D2 VUV light source unit is a vacuum ultraviolet light source unit that incorporates a compact deuterium lamp with an MgF2 window.

Equipped with a SUS flexible tube with a vacuum flange and a unique cooling mechanism, this light source unit allows irradiating objects or samples at a very close distance, and can be installed and operated under depressurized conditions.

The compact lamp unit and SUS flexible tube offer greater flexibility in attaching the light source unit to various types of equipment.



▲L10706 Left: Light source, Right: Power supply





HANDLING PRECAUTION

- 1. Deuterium lamps emit ultraviolet rays which can be harmful to eyes and skin. Do not look directly at the emitted light or allow direct exposure to skin. Always wear protective glasses or goggles and clothing when operating the lamps. (Refer to JIS T 8141 or equivalent safety standards).
- 2. Since the bulb wall temperature reaches a high temperature (over 200 °C) during lamp operation, do not touch it with bare hands or bring inflammable objects near it.
- 3. Do not apply vibrations or mechanical shocks to the lamp. These might cause light output stability to deteriorate.
- 4. Graded sealing of synthetic silica and MgF2 window: On bulbs using synthetic silica or MgF2 window, the window is formed by so-called "graded sealing" which connects different glasses with slightly different expansion rates. Since the mechanical strength of the seams of this graded sealing is low, use caution when securing the lamp so that no force is exerted on those seams during use.
- 5. Before turning on the lamp, wipe the bulb and window gently using alcohol or acetone. Do not handle the lamp with bare hands. Dirt or smears on the window will cause a significant drop in ultraviolet transmittance.
- 6. High voltage is used to operate these lamps. Use extreme caution to prevent electrical shock.
- 7. Be sure to avoid to store the lamp under high humidity and high temperature. Also, in case the lamp is not used for a long time, it with package in the place where shock or vibration is not applied.
- 8. Handling MgF2 and synthetic guartz windows:

UV light generates ozone when it irradiates an atmosphere containing oxygen. The amount of the generated ozone is low and so does not affect the human body but does produce an ozone smell. So ventilate the room from time to time when using a lamp with an MgF2 or synthetic quartz window in a closed room

WARRANTY

Lamps are warranted for a period of one year from the date of shipment. If a lamp is found to be defective within this warranty period, Hamamatsu will replace the defective lamp without charge. (This warranty is limited to replacement of the defective lamp.) Even if within the warranty period (one year), the warranty shall not apply to cases where the lamp operation time has exceeded the guaranteed life, or the trouble was caused by incorrect operation or natural or man-made disasters.

DISPOSAL OF LAMPS

When disposing of the used lamp, take appropriate measures in compliance with applicable regulations regarding waste disposal and correctly dispose of it yourself, or entrust disposal to a licensed industrial waste disposal company.

In any case, be sure to comply with the regulations in your country, state, region or province to ensure the used lamp is disposed of legally and correctly.

Subject to local technical requirements and regulations, availability of products included in this promotional material may vary. Please consult with our sales office. Information furnished by HAMAMATSU is believed to be reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for possible inaccuracies or omissions. Specifications are subject to change without notice. No patent rights are granted to any of the circuits described herein. ©2016 Hamamatsu Photonics K.K.

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